## 23.09.2023 to 29.09.2023

Sr#	Institute	Crop	Sowing Area	Pest/Disease/Weed s Infestation	Overall condition of crop	Rainfall mm	Temp.∘C	Advisory to farmers	Additional remarks
1	Sugarcane Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane	938 (000) ha (2nd estim ate, Crop report ing servic es 2021- 22)	Stem borer, Whip Smut in plant crop and Weed infestation in neglected fields.	Normal			<ul> <li>In September planted apply one bag of Urea and one bag granular/acre</li> <li>Chemical and cultural practices of weed control should be adopted</li> <li>Irrigate the September and Spring planted sugarcane according to crop requirement and weather forecast</li> <li>Apply 30% more fertilizer to the ratoon crop</li> <li>Apply Urea fertilizer to the</li> </ul>	Frequent feedback received from the farmers
								spring planted crop of sugarcane  Earthening up should be done in spring planted sugarcane crop  Regularly visit the crop, if any problem about	

				insect/pest, and disease will be solved  • Use recommended insecticide to control borer etc attack to the crop  • Spray of bifenthirn or lamada @ 250-400ml respectively should be sprayed in case of attack of black bugs especially on ratoon crop
2	Vegetable Research Institute, Faisalabad	Spinach	Satisfactory	<ul> <li>Judicious use of fertilizers for better production</li> <li>Irrigate the field as per atmospheric conditions</li> <li>Spray against insect pests and diseases</li> <li>Weeds eradication to minimize plant weed competition</li> </ul>
		Bottle gourd	Red pumpkin beetle and fruit fly	Judicious use of fertilizers after each picking     Keep the field weed free, irrigate the field according to climatic conditions and keep the field in

					wattar conditions
		Okra/Lady Finger	Aphid & Fungal Diseases.	Satisfactory	Judicious use of fertilizers for better production
					• Planting on both side of ridges keeping field in weed free condition
					• Irrigate the field climatic conditions and keep the field in wattar conditions
					• Adopt proper seed production technology
		Chilies	Viral infestation	Satisfactory	• Judicious use of fertilizers and proper irrigation at flowering and fruit development stage
					• Spray against insect pests and diseases
					• Irrigate the crop as per climatic conditions
3	Oilseed Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sesame	Pests: Nil Disease: Nil Weeds: Nil	Satisfactory	• Don't spray 15 days before harvesting the crop
	raisaiadad				• Store the produce when moisture is less than 10 %
		Soybean			• Second irrigation

							should be provided 20 days after first irrigation • Spray Afidopyropen 5%  @ 400 ml/acre to manage whitefly infestation • Weeds should be eradicated as early as possible	
4	Horticulture Research Institute, Faisalabad	Guava	0.139	Infestation of weeds were recorded	Satisfactory		<ul> <li>Focus on orchard floor sanitation</li> <li>Recharging of sex pheromone traps and spray of protein hydrolysate+ Malathion at 10-15 days interval</li> </ul>	
		Date Palm	0.014	Control RPW by inserting Aluminum Phosphide tablets and mudding with chlori mix paste	Satisfactory		• Continue harvesting of fruit of mid-season and late varieties and prepare tamr and chohara after fruit grading	Continue bunch management in mid- season varieties by pruning extra fronds.
		Ber	0.013	Continue hanging of pheromone traps to hold adult of fruit fly			Continue pruning in early Ber varieties	Continue irrigation twice in a week to grafted Ber plants.

6	Agronomic Research Institute, Faisalabad	Maize Rice Sugarcane	Borers Complex	In the	101.8 mm (Faisalabad) 80.0 mm (Farooqabad, S.Pura) 0.0 mm (Khanewal) 33.0 mm (Karor, Layyah) 9.0 mm (Bahawalpur)	33.5/21.9 °C (Faisalabad) 33.33/23.16 °C (Farooqabad) 37.7/23.54 °C (Khanewal) 29.92/20.5 °C (Karor, Layyah) 36.0/26.0 °C (Bahawalpur)	Schedule irrigation according to weather conditions. Effective weed control during rains      Weedicides should be applied carefully. Irrigation and fertilizer management should not be overlooked      Recommended insecticide should be applied for stem borer, leaf folder and WBP Hopper control in rice. Irrigation keeping in view of weather conditions      Creating	Effective weed control is a prerequisite for ensuring healthier and vigorous crop growth and yield. For any type of assistance/help regarding weed control in all crops, please contact Dr. Muhammad Rafiq (Senior Scientist) of this institute. His contact number is 03214515696.
	1 Research		00-0.1.50%	current				

Institute, Faisalabad		Pyrilla 00-90per leaf Mealy bug Nil Whitefly Nil Black bug 00-0- 0.45	situation, fruit borer and fruit fly are present guava			awareness among farmers about major insect pests problem and suggested integrated	
	Cotton	Whitefly 02-08 per Leaf Thrips 0-06 per leaf Jassid 00-0.35 per leaf American Bollworm Nil Pink Bollworm Nil Dusky Cotton Nil Bug Crop Nil				approach for controlling insect pests	
	Mango	Mango Fruit Fly00-0.35% Mango Hopper 00-0.50nymph or adult/ branch					
	Citrus	Fruit Fly Nil Psylla 00-0.25per leaf Leaf miner 0025 % Black Fly Nil					
	Guava	Fruit Fly 001.50 % infestation 00-12/trap/week 0-040 %					
	Vegetables	Brinjal fruit borer 00-0.75% Thrips Below ETL Mites Below ETL					

		Rice		Armyworm In patches Cucurbit sucking insects Below ETL Fruit Fly 1- 4.25 % Jassid 00 – 0.25per leaf Nil				
7	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha			Attack of shoot fly was observed in Sorghum crop	Good		• Measures should be taken to control the attack of shoot fly in Sorghum crop according to the recommendation of pest warning department	Sowing of kharif fodders seed crop should be sown as possible
8	Citrus Research Institute, Sargodha	Citrus	0.45 Millio n Acre	Plant Pathology Division Sudden deaths syndrome was observed in most of the areas. Incidence of stem end rot was observed. Symptoms of citrus Canker &scab were observed on fruit.  Entomology Division The adults of	Satisfactory		<ul> <li>Spray of copper based fungicide is recommended for the control of fungal and bacterial diseases</li> <li>For the control of citrus psylla and black fly, mealy bug Melathion is recommended @ 2 ml/ liter of water</li> <li>For the Control of sudden death application of Aliette @ 80 g and Fipronil @ 50 g / plant is</li> </ul>	

			fruit fly have been observed as the fruit is in ripening stage. Incidence of white fly and citrus psylla was		recommended.  • For the control of citrus psylla and white fly Spintoron is recommended @ 20 ml/100 liter of
			weeds Condition Weeding was done where needed.		water  Install Methyle eugenol pheromenone trap  a 6-8 per acre
9	PPRI, Faisalabad	Tomato		Satisfactory	Spray the crop with after the cutting of the fodder  Score @ 1 cc/ lit of water  Amistar top @ 2cc / lit of water  Sulpher @ 2.5 gm/ lit of water
		Cauliflowe r			Spray the crop thoroughly with  • Amistar top @ 2 CC / lit of water  • Scure @ 1 CC / lit of water  • Kumulus@ 2gm/ lit of water
10	Pulses Research Institute, Faisalabad	Mash	3.5		Kharif Crop:  • Remain vigilant against insect pest

			especially
			whitefly, cutworm
			and army worm
			for kharif sown
Mung	476.40		mung and mash
			crops. Apply
			suitable
			insecticide/
			pesticides on
			recommendation
			of extension agent
			9
			• Remain watchful
			against Yellow Mosaic virus
			disease in mung
			and Urdbean
			crinkle virus
			disease in mash.
			Rough out
			diseased plant and
			buried deep in soil.
			-
			• Remain vigilant about weather
			condition. In case
			of heavy rains
			arrange drainage
			from filed
			• Store harvested spring sown mung
			and mash after
			proper drying and
			fumigate the
			produce
			produce
			Rabi Crop:
			• Plough up the land

							for soil water conservation and start arranging inputs for chickpea and lentil sowing • Purchase quality seed of approved varieties from Punjab Seed Corporation	
11	BARI, Chakwal	Groundnut	0.22	During rainy season, hairy caterpillar attack was observed in some areas, which was controlled by spraying insecticides. Weeds infestation was also a serious problem, which was eradicated manually and by spraying weedicides.	Satisfactory		<ul> <li>Crop is under stress condition due to prolonged drought stress at farmer's field</li> <li>Crop is ready to harvest. Some farmers started harvesting of groundnut crop but due to low moisture, harvest losses increase. Due to which farmers stopped harvesting. As soon as receive moisture harvest the crop to reduce harvest losses</li> </ul>	Agricultural Experts should be consulted for the control of insects & diseases. Farmers can contact on Mobile phone No. 0334562212 5 (Fida Hassan Shah) for the production technology and problems of Groundnut crop.
		Olive		No serious attack of insects or diseases	Satisfactory			Advisory services are provided to the farmers at the

				institute as
				well as on
				the farms.