26.08.2023 to 01.09.2023

Sr#	Institute	Crop	Sowing Area	Pest/Disease/Weed s Infestation	Overall condition of crop	Rainfall mm	Temp.∘C	Advisory to farmers	Additional remarks
1	Sugarcane Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane	938 (000) ha (2nd estim ate, Crop report ing servic es 2021- 22)	Stem borer, Whip Smut in plant crop and Weed infestation in neglected fields.	Normal			 In September planted apply one bag of Urea and one bag granular/acre Chemical and cultural practices of weed control should be adopted Irrigate the September and Spring planted sugarcane according to crop requirement and weather forecast Apply 30% more fertilizer to the ratoon crop Apply Urea fertilizer to the spring planted crop of sugarcane Earthening up should be done in spring planted sugarcane crop Regularly visit the crop, if any problem about 	Frequent feedback received from the farmers

				insect/pest, and disease will be solved • Use recommended insecticide to control borer etc attack to the crop • Spray of bifenthirn or lamada @ 250-400ml respectively should be sprayed in case of attack of black bugs especially on ratoon crop
2	Vegetable Research Institute, Faisalabad	Spinach	Satisfactory	 Judicious use of fertilizers for better production Irrigate the field as per atmospheric conditions Spray against insect pests and diseases Weeds eradication to minimize plant weed competition
		Bottle gourd	Red pumpkin beetle and fruit fly	Judicious use of fertilizers after each picking Keep the field weed free, irrigate the field according to climatic conditions and keep the field in

					wattar conditions
		Okra/Lady Finger	Aphid & Fungal Diseases.	Satisfactory	 Judicious use of fertilizers for better production Planting on both side of ridges keeping field in weed free condition Irrigate the field climatic conditions and keep the field in wattar conditions Adopt proper seed
					production technology
		Chilies	Viral infestation	Satisfactory	• Judicious use of fertilizers and proper irrigation at flowering and fruit development stage
					• Spray against insect pests and diseases
					• Irrigate the crop as per climatic conditions
3	Oilseed Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sesame	Pests: Nil Disease: Nil Weeds: Nil	Satisfactory	 Third irrigation at pod formation stage and fourth irrigation should be provided at seed setting stage 1/3 bag urea

Soybean

- should be provided each time with second and third irrigation in case of TH-6
- Remove rain water from field as soon as possible
- Continue weed eradication as regular as possible to maintain plant vigor and avoid provision of secondary host to insect pests
- Spray Nitenpyram
 SP@ 100 g/acre
 to control mirid
 bug infestation
- Spray Lambda cyhalothrin 2.5 EC
 @ 330 ml/acre to manage population of Sesame Pod Borer
- Recommended time for soybean cultivation is from 15th July to 10th August
- Recommended seed rate is 10 kg/acre
- Cultivate soybean on well-drained

			soil
			• 3 times ploughing
			followed by 2
			planking are
			recommended for
			sowing of soybean
			• 1 bag of each SOP
			and DAP should
			be applied at the
			time of land
			preparation
			• Ridges should be
			of 12-14 inches
			width. Thus, Row
			to Row distance
			should be
			maintained at 1 ft
			and Plant to Plant
			distance should be
			maintained at 3-4
			inches
			• Sowing of
			Soybean in
			standing water is
			recommended so
			that germination
			may be enhanced,
			and crop stand will
			be good
			• Spray
			pendimethalin @ 1
			liter in 120-liter
			water after sowing
			and before
			germination to
			control weeds

4	Horticulture Research Institute, Faisalabad	Guava	0.139	Infestation of weeds were recorded	Satisfactory			 Recharging of sex pheromone traps and spray of protein hydrolysate+ Malathion at 10-15 days interval Plan irrigation interval keeping in view on set of rain 	
		Date Palm	0.014	Control RPW by inserting Aluminum Phosphide tablets and mudding with chlori mix paste	Satisfactory			Continue harvesting of fruit of mid-season and late varieties and prepare tamr and chohara after fruit grading	Continue bunch management in mid- season varieties by pruning extra fronds.
		Ber	0.013	Continue hanging of pheromone traps to hold adult of fruit fly				• Continue pruning in early Ber varieties	Continue irrigation twice in a week to grafted Ber plants.
5	Agronomic Research Institute, Faisalabad	Cotton			Normal	0.0 mm (Faisalabad) 0.0 mm (Farooqabad, S.Pura) 0.0 mm (Khanewal) 5.7 mm (Karor, Layyah) 0.0 mm	39.6/29.6 °C (Faisalabad) 38.14/26.14 °C (Farooqabad) 38.04/27.61 °C (Khanewal) 41.1/28.3 °C (Karor, Layyah) 39.0/28.0 °C (Bahawalpur)	• Schedule irrigation according to weather conditions. Effective weed control during rains	Effective weed control is a prerequisite for ensuring healthier and vigorous crop growth and yield. For any type of assistance/help

					(Bahawalpur		regarding weed control in all crops, please contact Dr. Muhammad Rafiq (Senior
		Maize				• Sowing of Autumn Maize started	Scientist) of this institute. His contact number is
		Rice				• Weeds control in transplanted rice by using the recommended pre emergence herbicide within 3-5 days after transplanting	03214515696.
6	Entomologica l Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane	Borers Complex 00-0.1.50% Pyrilla 00-90per leaf Mealy bug Nil Whitefly Nil Black bug 00-0- 0.45	In the current situation, fruit borer and fruit fly are present guava		• Creating awareness among farmers about major insect pests problem and suggested integrated	
		Cotton	Whitefly 02-08 per Leaf Thrips 0-06 per leaf Jassid 00-0.35 per leaf American Bollworm Nil Pink Bollworm Nil Dusky Cotton Nil Bug Crop Nil			approach for controlling insect pests	

		Mango	Mango Fruit Fly00-0.35% Mango Hopper 00-0.50nymph or adult/ branch Fruit Fly Nil				
		Citius	Psylla 00-0.25per leaf Leaf miner 0025 % Black Fly Nil				
		Guava	Fruit Fly 001.50 % infestation 00-12/trap/week 0-040 %				
		Vegetables Rice	Brinjal fruit borer 00-0.75% Thrips Below ETL Mites Below ETL Armyworm In patches Cucurbit sucking insects Below ETL Fruit Fly 1- 4.25 % Jassid 00 - 0.25per leaf Nil				
7	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha		Attack of shoot fly was observed in Sorghum crop	Good		• Measures should be taken to control the attack of shoot fly in Sorghum crop according to the recommendation of pest warning	Sowing of kharif fodders seed crop should be sown as possible

							department	
8	Citrus Research Institute, Sargodha	Citrus	0.45 Millio n Acre	Plant Pathology Division Incidence of stem end rot was observed. Symptoms of citrus Canker & scab were observed on leaves and fruits There were also minor symptoms of fungal disease i.e. Foot rot/ Gummosis in orange varieties. Entomology Division Incidence of black fly, white fly and citrus psylla was observed on new flush of citrus plants. Weeds Condition Weeding was done where needed.	Satisfactory		 Beaudox pasting in recommended for foot rot/ gummosis and soil treatment of Metalaxyl+ Mencozeb @ 5gm/ liter of water Spray of copper based fungicide is recommended for the control of fungal and bacterial diseases For the control of citrus psylla and black fly, mealy bug Melathion is recommended @ 2 ml/ liter of water For the control of stem end rot spray of Nativo @ 65 gm/ 100 liter of water is recommended material diseases 	
9	PPRI, Faisalabad	Spinach			Satisfactory		Spray the crop after cutting with: Topsin-M @2gm/liter of water Cytrol @ 2gm/liter	

				0	f water
10	Pulses	Mash	3.5	I.	Kharif Crop:
	Research Institute, Faisalabad			a e v	Remain vigilant gainst insect pest specially whitefly, cutworm nd army worm
		Mung	476.40	find the state of	or kharif sown nung and mash rops. Apply uitable nsecticide/ pesticides on ecommendation of extension agent cradicate weeds from field by noeing or apply post-emergent nerbicides to ontrol broad and narrow leaf weeds cemain vigilant bout weather ondition. In case of heavy rains rrange drainage from filed spring sown Mung & Mash:
					Eradicate the veeds from fields Manage mature rop harvesting eeping in view he weather

							 In case of heavy rains arrange drainage from fields For mechanical harvesting apply any defoliate 6-8 days before harvesting the crop 	
11	BARI, Chakwal	Groundnut	0.22	During rainy season, hairy caterpillar attack was observed in some areas, which was controlled by spraying insecticides. Weeds infestation was also a serious problem, which was eradicated manually and by spraying weedicides.	Good		 Crop is in good condition Due to rains weeds infestation increases. Control weeds by manual weeding and hoeing or apply weedicides for narrow and broad leaves weeds In coming days there are chances of hairy caterpillar and white grub in groundnut. Pest scout crop and use chemical upon infestation of insect/pest and diseases 	Agricultural Experts should be consulted for the control of insects & diseases. Farmers can contact on Mobile phone No. 0334562212 5 (Fida Hassan Shah) for the production technology and problems of Groundnut crop.
		Olive		No serious attack of insects or diseases	Satisfactory			Advisory services are provided to the farmers at the institute as

				well as on
				the farms.