## Weekly Crop Situation Report 27.11.2021 to 03.12.2021

Sr#	Institute	Crop	Sowing Area	Pest/Disease/Weeds Infestation	Overall condition of crop	Rainfall mm	Temp.°C	Advisory to farmers	Additional remarks
	Sugarcane Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane	776 (000) ha (1st estima te, Crop reporting service s 2021-2 2)	Stem borer, Whip Smut in plant crop and Weed infestation in neglected fields.	Satisfactory			<ul> <li>Chemical and cultural practices of weed control should be adopted</li> <li>Irrigate the planted sugarcane according to crop requirement and weather forecast</li> <li>Stop irrigation one month before harvesting</li> <li>Harvest the crop at ground level/one inch below to avoid Larvae attack</li> <li>Cover the harvested crop and supply it to Sugar Mills as early as possible to minimize the staling losses</li> <li>Spray of bifenthirn or lamada @ 250-400ml respectively should be sprayed in case of attack of black bugs especially on ratoon crop</li> </ul>	Frequent feedback received from the farmers

					<ul> <li>Use recommended insecticide to control borer etc attack to the crop</li> <li>Use         Chloripyriphose @         1.5 L/acre to control sugarcane pyrilla         Use Zinc Phosphide as bait to check rodents attack in lodged crop     </li> </ul>	
2	Vegetable Research Institute, Faisalabad	Spinach	Leaf Blight & Army worm	Satisfactory	<ul> <li>Judicious use of fertilizers for better production of fresh crop</li> <li>Irrigate the field as per atmospheric conditions</li> <li>Spray against insects, pests and diseases</li> <li>Weeds must be eradicated to minimize plant weed competition</li> </ul>	New flesh of the crop may increase fresh production of the crop.
		Bitter gourd	Myrothecium, Leaf minor, Downy Mildew and viral diseases	Satisfactory	<ul> <li>Judicious use of fertilizers for better production</li> <li>Keep clean the field from weeds</li> <li>Irrigate the crop as per climatic conditions</li> <li>Train the plants on net for insurance of</li> </ul>	

					quality of fruit and reducing the chances of disease spread • Spray against insects, pests and diseases	
	Radish	Medium	Satisfactory		<ul> <li>Careful seed bed preparation</li> <li>Use of certified seed with recommended seed rate</li> <li>Treatment of seed with fungicide for eradication of soil borne diseases</li> <li>Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production</li> <li>Spray against insects and pests</li> <li>Spray against pre and post emergence weeds</li> </ul>	Early crop production prom Punjab is in market.
	Turnip	Medium	Satisfactory		<ul> <li>Careful seed bed preparation</li> <li>Use of certified seed with recommended seed rate</li> <li>Treatment of seed with fungicide for eradication of soil borne diseases</li> </ul>	Early crop production prom Punjab is in market.

				<ul> <li>Proper utilization fertilizers to bette production</li> <li>Spray against insects and pests</li> <li>Spray against pre and post emergen weeds</li> </ul>	ce
	Cauliflowe	Medium to high	Satisfactory	<ul> <li>Efficient seed bed preparation</li> <li>Use of certified seed with recommended see rate</li> <li>Treatment of seed with fungicide for eradication of soil borne diseases</li> <li>Proper utilization fertilizers to better production</li> <li>Spray against insects and pests</li> <li>Spray against prepared and post emergen weeds</li> </ul>	production prom Punjab is in market.
	Cabbage	Medium to high	Satisfactory	<ul> <li>Meticulous seed bed preparation</li> <li>Use of certified seed with recommended see rate</li> <li>Treatment of seed with fungicide for eradication of soil borne diseases</li> </ul>	

					<ul> <li>Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production</li> <li>Spray against insects and pests</li> <li>Spray against pre and post emergence weeds</li> </ul>
		Carrot		Satisfactory	<ul> <li>Balance use of fertilizers during seed bed preparation</li> <li>Use of certified seed for good production</li> <li>Complete the sowing of crop with no more delay</li> <li>Spray against pre emergence as well as post emergence weeds</li> </ul>
		Coriander	Medium to high	Satisfactory	<ul> <li>Complete thinning of the off type plants in crop sowing</li> <li>Complete the sowing of crop with no more delay</li> <li>Keep the field weed free</li> <li>Spray against pests and diseases if any</li> </ul>
3	Oilseed Research	Brassica		Satisfactory	

	Institute, Faisalabad					<ul> <li>Apply Sulphur @ 6         Kg/acre with         irrigation at         flowering for         significant increase         in yield     </li> <li>Spray Lambda         cyhalothrin 2.5 EC         @ 330 ml/acre         against Mustard</li> </ul>	
						Sawfly and Painted bug	
		Linseed		Satisfactory	•	<ul> <li>Irrigate the field after one month of germination</li> <li>Remove excess plants before first irrigation.</li> <li>Give 1 bag urea with first irrigation</li> </ul>	
4	Pulses Research Institute, Faisalabad	(Chickpea & lentil)				Rabi Crop: (Chickpea & lentil)  • Eradicate the weeds	
	1 aisaiavau	Mung & Mash:				from fields at an early stage Apply 1st irrigation to gram and lentil crops after 45-60 days of sowing in irrigated areas Termite infested soils may be treated with proper insecticides in irrigated areas	

							<ul> <li>Appearance of early smog may delay germination</li> <li>Mung &amp; Mash:</li> <li>Cleaning and drying process be completed before storage</li> <li>Store harvested mung and mash after proper drying and fumigate the produce. Use Phostoxin pills to keep the store free from grain store pests</li> </ul>	
5	Horticulture Research Institute, Faisalabad	Guava	0.139	Infestation of weeds were recorded Remove weeds by ploughing the field	Satisfactory		<ul> <li>Adopt suitable measures to control fruit borers</li> </ul>	Increase in irrigation interval as temperature decreases
		Date Palm	0.014	Control red palm weevil by inserting phostoxin tablets in holes made by RPW or hang pheromone traps			• Apply NPK fertilizer to all physically weak plants	Earth up around the stems of plants after hoeing
		Ber	0.013	Apply 1st spray of trichlorphon			<ul> <li>Apply 1st dose of nitrogenous fertilizer to all bearing plants</li> </ul>	Continue irrigation on monthly basis to

			on bearing plants against fruit fly					bearing plants and do hoeing after wattar conditions
6	Agronomic Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane		Satisfactory	0.0 mm (Faisalabad) 0.0 mm (Farooqabad, S.Pura) 0.0 mm (Khanewal)	26.0 /9.5 °C (Faisalabad) 28.71/15.85 °C (Farooqabad) 26.93/8.47 °C (Khanewal) 26.5 /9.6 °C (Karor,	<ul> <li>Irrigate the crop as per the need</li> <li>Use appropriate insecticide for the control of root borer</li> <li>Apply urea to the spring planted crop</li> </ul>	Effective weed control is a prerequisite for ensuring healthier and vigorous
		Rice			0.0 mm (Karor, Layyah) 0.0 mm (Bahawalpur)	Layyah) 25.00/9.0 °C (Bahawalpur)	• Keep an eye on the weather forecast as well prior to harvesting and threshing the crop	crop growth and yield. For any type of assistance/hel
		Wheat					<ul> <li>Sown only the area wise recommended varieties. True to type pure and healthy seed should be used for sowing</li> <li>Complete production plan can be assessed at http://dai.agripunjabgov.pk</li> </ul>	p regarding weed control in all crops, please contact Mr. Muhammad Ashiq (Senior Scientist) of this institute. His contact number is 0300-76 57 249. Fertilizer management should be based on soil

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							fertility status and irrigation of crops should be based on weather forecast. Pest scouting may be done where necessary and coordinate the Agri. extension staff.
7	Entomological Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane	Borers Complex 0-1.15% Pyrilla 0-0.75 per leaf Mealybug Nil Whitefly Nil Black bug 0-0.5	In the current situation, fruit borer and fruit fly are present		<ul> <li>Creating awareness among farmers about major insect pests problem and suggested integrated approach</li> </ul>	
		Cotton	Whitefly Nil Thrips Nil Jassid Nil American Bollworm Nil Pink Bollworm 3% Dusky Cotton Bug Nil	on guava		for controlling insect pests	
		Wheat					
		Mango	Mango Fruit Fly Nil Mango Hopper 0-0.5 nymph or adult/ branch				

		Citrus		Fruit Fly 0-3.3 % Psylla0-1.0 per				
				Leafminer				
				0-2.15%				
				Black Fly				
				0-0.5 per leaf				
		Guava		Fruit Fly				
				0-6.75% infestation				
				0.10/trap/week				
				Fruit Borer				
		37 4 1 1		0-0.35 %	-			
		Vegetables		Brinjal fruit borer 0-5.65%				
				Thrips				
				Below ETL				
				Mites				
				Above ETL				
				Armyworm				
				In patches				
				Cucurbit sucking				
				insects				
				Below ETL				
				Fruit Fly				
				0-5.35% Jassid				
				0-0.1 per leaf				
		Rice		Plant Hopper				
		Rice		Nil				
		Maize		Stem borer				
				Nil				
8	Fodder	Rabi		Infestation of	Good		• Farmers should be	Sowing of
	Research	Fodder		weeds was			vigilant about	Rabi fodder
	Institute,			observed in			infestation of weeds	crops should
	Sargodha			fodder crop.			especially in fodder	be completed
				1				as early as
								possible.
9	Citrus	Citrus	0.45	Plant Pathology	Satisfactory		• Regular pest	
	Research		Millio	<b>Division</b>			monitoring should	
	Institute,						be done	
	Sargodha							
	Dargouna		1	1	<u> </u>		l	

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			n	Fruit drop was		<ul> <li>Hand picking of</li> </ul>	
			Acre	observed in		larvae of lemon	
				citrus orchard.		butterfly should be	
				Some symptoms		encouraged	
				of citrus scab		• Spray Nativo @ 65	
				and citrus canker		gm per 100 liter of	
				diseases		water for the	
				observed on fruit		control of stem end	
				and leaves of		rot	
				citrus orchard		<ul> <li>Spray of copper</li> </ul>	
				respectively.		based fungicide like	
				Stem end rot of		copper hydroxide	
				Kinnow fruit was		@ 2.5 gm/ liter of	
				found very		water for the	
				common.		control of citrus	
				Entomology		canker and scab is	
				<u>Division</u>		recommended	
				Some population			
				of lemon			
				butterfly was			
				observed in			
				orchard and			
				nursery.			
				Moreover, there			
				was also miner			
				infestation of			
				citrus red scales			
				on some orange			
				varieties.			
				Weeds			
				Condition			
				Weeding practice			
				along with stem			
				pasting was done			
				where			
L				necessary			

10	PPRI, Faisalabad	Bitter gourd		Myrothecium leaf spot 07%			Spray the crop thoroughly with  • Antracol @ 3gm/liter of water  • Mencozeb@ 3gm/liter of water  • Nativo @1gm/liter of water	
		Spinach		Cercospora leaf spot 07%			Spray the crop with  Amistar-Top @ 2 ml / lit of water  Score @ 1 ml / lit. of water  Topsin-M @ 2gm / lit of water	
11	BARI, Chakwal	Groundnut	0.22	Hairy caterpillar attack was observed in some areas, which was controlled by spraying insecticides. Weeds infestation was also a serious problem, which was eradicated manually and by spraying weedicides.	Satisfactory		<ul> <li>Harvesting of the crop has been completed. Then dried pods should be separated from immature, empty and damaged pods to keep quality produce</li> <li>Store the pods in cloth or gunny bags for longer storage. Stored the dried pods in gunny bags for longer duration at ventilated place</li> </ul>	Agricultural Experts should be consulted for the control of insects & diseases. Farmers can contact on Mobile phone No. 03345622125 (Fida Hassan Shah) for the production technology and problems of Groundnut crop.
		Olive			Satisfactory		• Remove suckers from the trunk base of all trees	Advisory services are provided to the farmers at

				the institute
				as well as on
				the farms.