Weekly Crop Situation Report

21.01.2023 to 27.01.2023

Sr#	Institute	Crop	Sowing Area	Pest/Disease/Weeds Infestation	Overall condition of crop	Rainfall mm	Temp.ºC	Advisory to farmers	Additional remarks
	Sugarcane Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane	938 (000) ha (2 nd estima te, Crop reporti ng service s 2021-2 2)	Stem borer, Whip Smut in plant crop and Weed infestation in neglected fields.	Normal			 Prepare the land for Spring sowing of sugarcane Irrigate the Autumn planted sugarcane according to crop requirement and weather forecast Spray of bifenthirn or lamada @ 250-400ml respectively should be sprayed in case of attack of black bugs especially on ratoon crop Use recommended insecticide to control borer etc attack to the crop. Use Chloripyriphose @ 1.5 L/acre to control sugarcane pyrilla Use Zinc Phosphide as bait to check rodents attack in lodged crop Stop irrigation one month before harvesting 	Frequent feedback received from the farmers

					Harvest the crop at ground level/one inch below to avoid Larvae attack Cover the harvested crop and supply it to Sugar Mills as early as possible to minimize the staling losses
2	Vegetable Research Institute, Faisalabad	Spinach	Leaf Blight & Army worm	Satisfactory	 Judicious use of fertilizers for better production of fresh crop Irrigate the field as per atmospheric conditions Spray against insects, pests and diseases Weeds must be eradicated to minimize plant weed competition
		Carrot		Satisfactory	 Balance use of fertilizers during seedbed preparation Complete radish steckling for better seed production Adopt recommended seed production technology Proper irrigation to save the crop from frost effects

					• Spray against pre emergence as well as post emergence weeds
		Cabbage	Medium to high	Satisfactory	 Meticulous seed bed preparation Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production Spray against insects and pests Spray against pre and post emergence weeds Proper irrigation to save the crop from frost effects
		Cauliflowe r	Medium to high	Satisfactory	 Efficient seed bed preparation Proper utilization of fertilizers to better production Spray against insects and pests Spray against pre and post emergence weeds
3	Oilseed Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sunflower	Pests: Nil Disease: Nil Weeds: Nil	Satisfactory	Prepare land by using 2-3 times ploughing followed by two planking Sowing should be completed as soon as possible starting from 1st December as sunflower crop sown in first week

					of December	
					escapes the	
					infestation of head	
					moth. However, it	
					can be sown up to	
					the end of January	
					in Southern Punjab,	
					up to 15 February in	
					Central Punjab	
					• Sowing time for	
					Northern Punjab is	
					01-29 February	Į l
					 Seed should be 	Į l
					sown at depth of 1.5	Į l
					inch	Į l
					• Give 1 bag of DAP	Į l
					and 1 bag of SOP at	Į l
					the time of land	
					preparation	
					• First irrigation	
					should be provided	
					20 days after	
					germination along	
					with half bag Urea	Į l
					• Remove excessive	Į l
					plants when plants	Į l
					are at 4-leaf stage	Į l
					and maintain	Į l
					distance 9 inches	Į l
					between plants	
					• Second irrigation	
					should be provided	
					after 20 days of first	
					irrigation	
		Pests: Nil			• Second irrigation	
	Brassica	Disease: Nil			should be provided	Į l
	Diabblea	Weeds: Nil			at flowering	
 i		11 CCUS. 1 NII		L	ı at mowering	

						• Sulphur @ 6-8/Kg/acre should be provided at the time of flowering • Apply Sulphur @ 6 Kg/acre with irrigation at flowering for significant increase in yield	
4	Horticulture Research Institute, Faisalabad	Guava	0.129	Infestation of weeds were recorded	Satisfactory	• Orchard sanitation i.e. collection and disposal of drop/damage fruit to control fruit fly	
		Date Palm	0.014	Attack of termites, scales	Satisfactory	● Earthing up around stems of 2-5 years old plant ● Protect newly planted suckers form termites, scales and root rot	
		Ber	0.013	Infestation of weeds was observed.		• To save from frost, apply light irrigation to Ber plants	

5	Agronomic Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane	Normal	0.0 mm (Faisalabad) 0.0 mm (Farooqabad, S.Pura) 0.0 mm (Khanewal) 0.0 mm (Karor, Layyah) 0.0 mm	19.0/2.4 °C (Faisalabad) 17.0°C/5.0°C (Farooqabad) 18.0/1.81°C (Khanewal) 19.11/2.35 °C (Karor, Layyah) 17.0/5.0 °C (Bahawalpur)	Harvest lodged and damaged crop first. Stop irrigation about 20-25 days before harvesting. Harvest crop at 2-3 cm height from surface. Irrigation keeping in view of weather conditions and to avoid frost	Effective weed control is a prerequisite for ensuring healthier and vigorous crop growth and yield. For any type of assistance/help regarding
		Maize Canola & raya	Normal	(Bahawalpur)		stress • Arrangement of recommended verities for spring maize • Apply irrigation according to weather and pest scouting	weed control in all crops, please contact Mr. Muhammad Ashiq (Senior Scientist) of this institute. His contact number is 0300-76 57 249. Harvesting and threshing is in progress. Avoid burning of wheat straw to overcome smog problem. Store wheat crop at moisture level
							less than 10%. Check weather forecast before harvesting/thre

							shing of wheat. Co-ordination with extension staff.
6	Entomological Research Institute, Faisalabad	Sugarcane	Borers Complex 00-0.70% Pyrilla 0065 per leaf Mealybug Nil Whitefly Nil Black bug 00-0-0.10	In the current situation, fruit borer and fruit fly are present on guava		 Creating awareness among farmers about major insect pests problem and suggested integrated approach for controlling 	
		Cotton	Whitefly Thrips Jassid American Bollworm Pink Bollworm Dusky Cotton Bug Crop terminated			insect pests	
		Mango	Nil 00-0.20 nymph or adult/ branch				
		Citrus	Fruit Fly 0-2.80 % infestation Psylla 00-0.15 per leaf Leaf miner 00-1.90 % Black Fly 0-0.20per leaf				
		Guava	Fruit Fly 00-5.50 % infestation 00-05/trap/week 0-025 %				
		Vegetables	00-4.50% Below ETL Below ETL				

7	Fodder Research Institute,	Rice Maize		In patches Below ETL 00-4.00 % 00 – 0.10per leaf Nil Nil	Good		• Apply light irrigation to mitigate the effect	
	Sargodha	G:	0.45	DI (D)			of frost	
8	Citrus Research Institute, Sargodha	Citrus	0.45 Millio n Acre	Plant Pathology Division Entomology Division There was not new symptoms/spread of citrus canker and melanose present on plants. Symptoms of gummosis were observed on older plants. Entomology Division All the pests related to citrus were below ETL so no damage to plants was observed. Weeds Condition Weeding was done where needed.	Satisfactory		 Spray of copper based fungicide i.e. Kocide @ 2 gm/ liter of water is recommended for the control of citrus scab, melanose, anthracnose and citrus canker For the control citrus gummosis Aliette @ 2.5 gm/ liter of water is recommended 	

9	PPRI, Faisalabad	Rice		Brown leaf spots (7%)	Satisfactory		 Keep vigilance and use proper fungicide where necessary Use recommended fungicides where necessary 	
		Mango		Anthracnose 6%	Satisfactory		 Keep vigilance and use proper fungicide where necessary Use recommended fungicides where necessary 	
10	BARI, Chakwal	Groundnut	0.22	During rainy season, hairy caterpillar attack was observed in some areas, which was controlled by spraying insecticides. Weeds infestation was also a serious problem, which was eradicated manually and by spraying weedicides.	Satisfactory		 Start land preparation and seed for sowing of crop in coming season Select sandy soil to grow groundnut for better yield. Tillage practices should perform three to four time prior to sowing the crop. First tillage should be done during February. Deep ploughing should be done as first tillage so that maximum rain water may be preserved in the soil . 	Agricultural Experts should be consulted for the control of insects & diseases. Farmers can contact on Mobile phone No. 0334562212 5 (Fida Hassan Shah) for the production technology and problems of Groundnut crop.

	Olive	No serious attack	Satisfactory		Advisory
		of insects or			services are
		diseases			provided to
					the farmers
					at the
					institute as
					well as on
					the farms.